

### **CHE 501**

## M.Sc. Ist SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2022-23 CHEMISTRY

(Molecular Symmetry and Molecular Vibration)

(4+0)

(CBCS MODE)

AFFIX PRESCRIBED RUBBER STAMP	Date (तिथि) :		Paper ID (To be filled in the OMR Sheet)  8353			
अनुक्रमांक (अंकों में) : Roll No. (In Figures) अनुक्रमांक (शब्दों में) :						
Roll No. (In Words):_		1				
Time : 1 Hour Max. Marks : 60 समय : 1 घण्टा अधिकतम अंक : 60 नोट : पुस्तिका में 40 प्रश्न दिये गये हैं, सभी प्रश्न करने होंगे। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 1.5 अंक का होगा।						
Important Instructions:  1. The candidate will write his/her Roll Number only at the places provided for, i.e. on the cover page and on the OMR answer sheet at the end and nowhere else.			महत्वपूर्ण निर्देश: अभ्यर्थी अपने अनुक्रमांक केवल उन्हीं स्थानों पर लिखेंगे जो इसके लिए दिये गये हैं, अर्थात् प्रश्न पुस्तिका के मुख्य पृष्ठ तथा साथ दिये गये ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर पत्र पर, तथा अन्यत्र कहीं नहीं लिखेंगे।			
2. Immediately on receipt of the question booklet, the candidate should check up the booklet and ensure that it contains all the pages and that no question is missing. If the candidate finds any discrepancy in the question booklet, he/she should report the invigilator within 10 minutes of the issue of this booklet and a fresh question booklet without any discrepancy be obtained.		2.				

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	(D)	$\sigma_v$			
	(C)	$S_4$			
	(B)	$S_2$			
	(A)	$C_4$			
5.	$T_d$ po	int group has symmetry operation:			
	(D)	$D_n$			
	(C)	$D_{\infty h}$			
	(B)	$O_h$			
	(A)	$D_{nd}$			
4.	Point	group which does not have 'invasion (i)' opera	tion:		
	(D)	$C_{nh.}$	- 76 A		
	(C)	$C_1$			
	(B) ·	$C_5$	-1 ·	i k	
ŧ	(A)	$C_i$			
3.	Point	group which has identity, rotation and reflection	symmetry	elemen	t is:
	(D)	All of above			
	(C)	$X_e O F_4$			
	(B)	$Fe(C_5H_5)_2$			
	(A)	$\mathcal{C}_5H_5^-$	e full å child s		
2.		old proper axis of rotation $(C_5)$ is not found in:			
	(D)	All of above			
	(C)	Proper axis of rotation (Two fold)			
	(B)	Improper axis of rotation (Two fold)			
	(A)	Inversion			
1.	Which	of the following symmetry element is present in	$C_2H_4$ ?		

- 6. Which of the following is correct statements?
  - (A) Vertical plane of symmetry passes through the principal axis
  - (B) Dihedral passes through the principal axis and also bisecting the angle between two successive subsidiary axis
  - (C)  $BF_3$  molecules possesses  $C_3$  axis
  - (D) All are correct
- 7. Possible number of operations in  $S_3$ :
  - (A) 6
  - (B) 2
  - (C) 4
  - (D) 5
- 8.  $[Ni(CN)_4]^{2-}$  has:
  - (A)  $C_4$  axes
  - (B) Two of  $C_3$  axis
  - (C) Inversion absent
  - (D)  $C_5$  axes
- 9. Which one is incorrect from the following?
  - (A)  $\sigma_n^n = \sigma$  when n is odd
  - (B)  $S_n^m = C_n^m, \sigma_n$
  - (C)  $\sigma^m = \sigma$  when n = even
  - (D) All are incorrect
- 10.  $N_2F_2$  has:
  - (A) Dihedral plane
  - (B) Vertical plane
  - (C) Horizontal plane
  - (D) No plane is present

11. Borazine has:

- (A)  $2\sigma_v$  and  $2\sigma_d$
- (B)  $2\sigma_v$  and  $2\sigma_h$
- (C)  $3\sigma_v$  and  $\sigma_h$
- (D)  $4\sigma_{v}$

12. Two elements A and B is commutative then, the group is:

- (A) Trivial group
- (B) Abelian group
- (C) Cyclic group
- (D) Isomorphic group

13. For  $C_3^2$  operation, the matrix is:

(A) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & 0 \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(B) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1/_2 & \sqrt{3}/_2 & 0 \\ -1 & -1/_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(C) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} -1/2 & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & 0 \\ \sqrt{3}/2 & -1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(D) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} -\sqrt{3}/_2 & -1/_2 & 0 \\ -1/_2 & \sqrt{3}/_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- 14. Which is the false statement for  $CH_4$  molecule?
  - (A) It belongs to  $T_d$  point group
  - (B) 3 three-fold axes collinear with the body diagonal of the cube
  - (C) 6  $\sigma_d$  passes through the diametrically opposite edges of the cube
  - (D) Three  $C_2$  axes normal to the face of the cube
- 15.  $CO_3^{2-}$  belongs to point group:
  - (A)  $C_{3h}$
  - (B)  $D_{3d}$
  - (C)  $S_3$
  - (D)  $D_{3h}$
- 16. No. of class in On point group is:
  - (A) 8
  - (B) 6
  - (C) 9
  - (D) 7
- 17. The reduced symmetry point group for substituted benzene according to the following Conversion, is:



- (A)  $D_{6h} D_{2n}$
- (B)  $D_{6n} C_{2n}$
- (C)  $D_{3d} D_{2h}$
- (D)  $D_{6h} C_{2v}$
- 18. In the character table of  $C_{2\nu}$  point, 'Ry' rotational vector is present in:
  - (A)  $A_1$
  - (B)  $A_2$
  - (C)  $B_2$
  - (D)  $B_1$

- Which is not true for similarity transform? 19.
  - If A is conjugate with, B must be conjugate with A (A)
  - Every element is not conjugate to itself (B)
  - If A is conjugate with B and C, then B and C are conjugate with each (C) other
  - All are correct (D)
- An example of  $C_1$  point group: 20.
  - $Cis H_2O_2$ (A)
  - $CH_3COOH$ (B)
  - $Trans H_2O_2$ (C)
  - CO2 (D)
- Correct statement for 'The Great Orthogonality Theorum': 21.
  - The sum of the products of the corresponding elements of matrices of (A) various symmetry operations belonging to two different irreducible representations is Zero
  - $\sum_{R} \left[ \Gamma_i(R)_{mn} \right] \left[ \Gamma_j(R)_{m^1 n^1} \right]^* = \frac{h}{\sqrt{K_i K_j}} \delta i j \delta m m^1 \delta n n^1$ (B)
  - Only a is correct (C)
  - (A) and (B) both are correct (D)
- What will the Mulliken symbols for the following irreducible representation in 22. the character table given below:

7.	E	$2C_3$	$3C_2$	$\sigma_{n}$	$2S_3$	$3\sigma_v$
$\overline{\Gamma_1}$	1	1	1.	1	1	1
$\Gamma_2$	1	1	-1	1	1	1
$\Gamma_2$ $\Gamma_3$	2	-1	0	2	-1	0

- (A)  $A'_1, A'_2, E'$
- (B)  $A_1, A_2, E$
- (C)  $A'_2, A'_1, E$
- $A'_1, A_2, E'$ (D)

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- 23. What will be the product of  $C_2$  and i operation?
  - (A)  $\sigma_h$
  - (B) i
  - (C)  $C_2$
  - (D) E
- 24. In  $C_{2v}$  point group, dxz-orbital is found in irreducible representation:
  - (A)  $A_1$
  - (B)  $A_2$
  - (C)  $B_1$
  - (D)  $B_2$
- 25. Which is correct statement for Similarity Transform?
  - (A)  $C_3^2 \sigma_v C_3^1 = \sigma_v''$
  - (B)  $C_3^{-1} \sigma_v C_3^1 = \sigma_v'$
  - (C)  $C_3^1 \sigma_v C_3^2 = \sigma_v^{\prime\prime}$
  - (D) All the above
- 26. Group Generating elements for *Dnd* point group is:
  - (A)  $C_n^1, S_n^1, \sigma_d$
  - (B)  $C_n^1, C_2^*, \sigma_d$
  - (C)  $C_{\infty} C_2^* \sigma_h$
  - (D)  $C_n^1 C_2^*$
- 27. Which statement is not correct for class?
  - (A) E is always a class
  - (B) Horizontal plane is a special class
  - (C) All  $C_n^m$  axes are in a class
  - (D) Similar  $\sigma_v$  and  $\sigma_d$  belongs to same class

28.	Which pair is	Isomorphic group?
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(A) 
$$C_{2v} \sim C_{2h}$$

(B) 
$$C_{nv} \sim D_n$$

(C) 
$$C_2 \sim C_5 \sim C_i$$

#### 29. $C_{2h}$ point group belongs to GMT:

(A) 
$$G_4^2$$

(B) 
$$G_4^1$$

#### 30. Subgroups in $C_{3\nu}$ point group are:

(A) 
$$C_1 C_5' C_5''$$

(B) 
$$C_1 C_3, C_5, C_5'$$

(C) 
$$C_1 C_2, C_5, C_5' C_5''$$

(D) 
$$C_1, C_3, C_5, C'_5, C''_5$$

#### 31. In $I_h$ point group, number of plane involved are:

- (A) 10
- (B) 15
- (C) 12
- (D) 20

# 32. Which is the bending mode for $H_2O$ molecule by using normal mode vibration method?

$$(A)$$
  $A_1$ 

(B) 
$$B_2$$

$$(C)$$
  $A_2$ 

(D) 
$$B_1$$

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	(D)	inverse group	ne nakan serina serina serina serina serina na serina serina serina serina serina serina serina serina serina	Constitution of the Consti
	(C)	Cyclic group		
	(B)	Abelian group		
	(A)	Non-abelian group		
	gene	rated from one element:		
37.		oup is said to be	group if all the elements	or a group can be
	(D)	$C_{\infty v}$	in the standard of	of a group can be
	(C)	$C_{2v}$		
	(B)	$C_{4v}$		
	(A)	$C_2$		
36.			Simol bendency of the Park	
	(D)	$A_1 + A_2 + 2E$	chlor benzene) belongs to poir	at group:
		$2A_1 + 2E$		
		$2A_2 + 2E$		
	(A)			
	Coord	dinate method?		
35.			nal modes in $NH_3$ molecule v	
	(D)	1	1 modes in NH molecule t	ising Cartesian
	(C)	2		
	(B)	3		
	(A)	0		
, , , ,	operat			
34.	Numb	per of unshifted vector in NI	H <sub>3</sub> molecule while performing	$\sigma_v$ symmetry
	(C)			matry.
	(B)	Mixed Pure		
	(A)	Impure		
33.	Nature	e of vibration of $'B_2'$ for $H_2O$		
		- 12 / 5 - 1 H O	molecule is:	

- Molecule belongs to  $C_5$  point group: 38.
  - (A) CHBrClF
  - (B)
  - (C) 1, 2-dichloro, 1, 2-difluroethane
  - (D) None of above
- 'E' vibrational mode of NH<sub>3</sub> molecule is: 39.
  - (A) IR active only
  - IR inactive (B)
  - (C) IR and Raman both active
  - (D) Raman active only
- In  $AB_4$  (tetrahedral) molecule, one ligand 'B' is replaced by 'x' then the 40. resulting species will belongs to point group:
  - (A)  $C_{2v}$
  - (B)  $C_{3v}$
  - $D_{2d}$ (C)
  - $D_{3h}$ (D)